O.Reg. 455/09 Toxic Substance Reduction Plan Summary Parmalat Canada Inc.



Substance & CAS No		Nitric Acid 7697-37-2			
Substances at the Facility for which		Nitrato Ion			
a Plan has been deve	Plan has been developed: Nitrate Ion				
	Facility Identification and Site Address				
Company Name		Parmalat Canada Inc.			
Facility Name Mitchell Plant			l Plant		
		Physical Address	Mailing Address (if different)		
Facility Address		100 St. George St.			
Facility Address		Mitchell, ON	Same as Physical Address		
		NOK 1NO			
Spatial Coordinates		483949 m E, 481 2719 m N	Expressed as UTM within NAD		
Number of Employee	S	123			
NPRI ID Number		5616			
Ontario MOE ID Number		-			
Parent Company Information					
Parent Company Name Parmalat Canada Inc.					
Parent Company Address 405 The West Mall					
Percent Ownership					
Parent Company Contact Tony Cugliari					
Pr	imary North Ame	erican Industrial Classification System	` '		
		Code	Description		
2-digit NAICS Code		31	Food Manufacturing		
4-digit NAICS Code		3115	Dairy Product Manufacturing		
6-digit NAICS Code		311515	Butter, cheese and dry condensed		
		311313	dairy product manufacturing		
		Company Contact Information			
	Name	Jose Cortez			
Eacility public	Title	Director, Plant Operations			
Facility public contact	Email	jose_cortez@parmalat.ca	Same as Facility Address		
Contact	Telephone #	519-348-8414 x342			
	Fax #	519-348-9793			
		ubstance Reduction Planner Informa	ation		
	Name	Patsy Duever			
Planner	Company	Dillon Consulting Limited	Dillon Consulting Limited		
Responsible for	License #	TSRP0119	51 Breithaupt Street		
Making	Email	pduever@dillon.ca	Kitchener, ON		
Recommendations	Telephone #	519-571-9833 x3106	N2H 5G5		
	Fax #	519-571-7424			
	Name	Patsy Duever]		
Planner	Company	Dillon Consulting Limited	Dillon Consulting Limited		
Responsible for	License #	TSRP0119	51 Breithaupt Street		
Certification	Email	pduever@dillon.ca	Kitchener, ON		
Jerundation	Telephone #	519-571-9833 x3106	N2H 5G5		
	Fax #	519-571-7424			

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Plan Summary Statement

This plan summary accurately reflects the content of the toxic substance reduction plan for Nitric Acid, prepared by Parmalat Canada Inc. Mitchell Plant, dated November 29, 2013.

Statement of Intent

Parmalat Canada Inc. Mitchell Plant does not intend to reduce the use of nitric acid as no options were identified as technically and economically feasible.

Objective

While Parmalat Canada Inc. has not identified any reduction options as technically and economically feasible, the facility will continue to monitor industry standards for the use of nitric acid in CIP systems.

Description of Substance and Use/Creation

For a description of how, when, where, and why nitric acid is used, including quantifications for accounting and process flow diagrams see Attachment 1.

Options to be Implemented

As no options were identifed as technically and economically feasible, the facility does not intend to implement any options.

Certifications (s. 19)

Nitric Acid

Highest Ranking Employee

As of November 28, 2013, I, Jose Cortez, certify that I have read the toxic substance reduction plan for the toxic substance referred to below and am familiar with its contents, and to my knowledge the plan is factually accurate and complies with the Toxics Reduction Act, 2009 and Ontario Regulation 455/09 (General) made under that Act.

upr.	Jose Cortz Director, Plant Operations	Datas Navambar 20, 2042	
HRE:	Digital Signature on File	Date: November 29, 2013	
Toxic Substance Reduction Planner			
As of November 28, 2013, I, Patsy Duever, certify that I am familiar with the processes at Parmalat Canada Inc. Mitchell plant that use or create the toxic substance referred to below, that I agree with the estimates referred to in subparagraphs 7 iii, iv, and v of subsection 4(1) of the Toxics Reduction Act, 2009 that are set out in the plan dated November 28, 2013 and that the plan complies with that Act and Ontario Regulation 455/09 (General) made under that Act.			
Nitric Acid			
TSRP:	Latsy Duever	Date: November 28, 2013	

Attachment 1 Accounting Information

Stages and Processes

Operations at the Parmalat Mitchell facility have been divided into the following stages:

- Receiving;
- Material storage;
- Preparation;
- Production:
- · Final storage, and
- Shipping.

Nitric acid was used as a formula component of cleaners used as part of the "clean-in-place" process at the site. Cleaning chemicals containing nitric acid were circulated through the production equipment as required to meet applicable food safety standards.

As nitric acid was used, it is assumed that 100% consumed through the cleaning process, resulting in a complete molecular conversion to nitrate ion (based on Environment Canada guidance). Rinse water containing nitrate ion was discharged to the neutralization tank for stabilization prior to discharge.

Detailed Process Flow Diagrams

Detailed process flow diagrams showing the amounts of nitric acid and nitrate ion at various stages of the production process can be found on Figures 1, 2 and 3.

Air Releases

Nitric acid was assumed to be fully consumed through the cleaning process. Also, the release of nitric acid from bulk storage containers was deemed to be negligible. As a result, there were no air emissions of nitric acid.

Nitrate ion generated from the conversion of nitric acid was within solution and did not result in an air emission.

Off-Site Disposals

Nitric acid was assumed to be fully consumed through the cleaning process as the pH of the discharge wastewater from the site was maintained above 6. As a result, there were no releases of nitric acid to the sewer (or off-site disposals to the municipal sewage treatment plant).

Nitric acid was assumed to be completed converted to nitrate ion based on a molecular conversion. The quantity of nitrate ion that was discharged to the municipal sewer, and ultimately the municipal sewage treatment plant, was calculated based on the annual usage quantities of nitric acid provided by Parmalat, the composition of nitric acid outlined in the product material safety data sheet (MSDS), and a molecular conversion from nitric acid to nitrate ion.

Use

The quantity of nitric acid used at the site was calculated based on the annual product usage quantities provided by Parmalat and the composition of nitric acid outlined in the product MSDSs.

Created

Nitrate ion was created through the use of nitric acid in the cleaning process, as outlined above.

Nitric acid and sulphuric acid were not created as part of the production process.

Transformed

Nitric acid and nitrate ion were not transformed as part of the production process.

Destroyed

Nitric acid was assumed to be fully (100%) destroyed through the cleaning process as it converts to nitrate ion.

Contained in Product

Based on information provided by Parmalat, nitric acid and nitrate ion were not contained in any products produced at the site.

TRA Summary

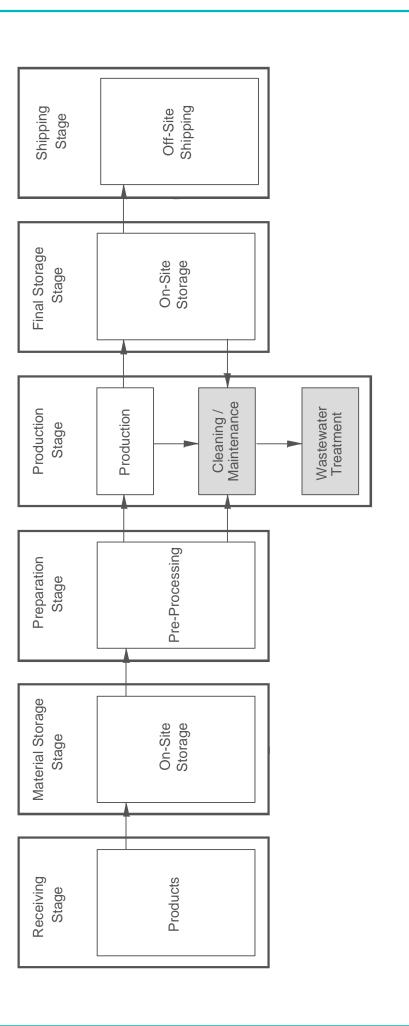
A summary of the TRA accounting quantities and input/output analysis is presented in the attached tables.

Data Quality

Methodologies used to complete the TRA calculations at the site were based on:

 Engineering calculations/judgment – derived from fundamental scientific and engineering principles.

As a result, based on Ministry guidance, the data quality can be considered to be "above-average".



Note: The Toxic Substance is not associated with the product that leaves the facility.



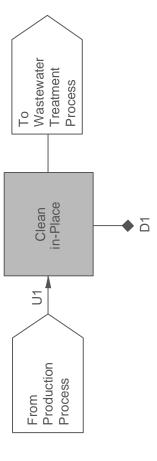
Project No. 13-7387 August 2013

Scale: n/a

Parmalat Canada - Parmalat Mitchell Toxics Reduction Act Accounting 2012 Reporting Year

FIGURE 1 Dairy Production

Toxic Subtance associated with process.



Accounting Category	Quantity (tonne)	Data Quality	Estimation Method	
U1	> 10 to 100	Above Average	Engineering Calculations	
DM	> 10 to 100	Above Average	Engineering Calculations	

On-site or off-site release, or off-site transfer of a toxic substance, either in its original form or in another form.	Destruction of a toxic substance.	Denotes the presence of a toxic substance.
\Diamond	†	1

Enters the process (Use) of toxic substance.

Transformation of toxic substance.

Creation of toxic substance.

Destruction of toxic substance.

Toxic substance Contained in Product.

DOL A P D T C C DOL

On-site release of toxic substance to Air.

On-site release of toxic substance to Water. On-site release of toxic substance to Land.

On-site or off-site disposal of toxic substance.

Off-site transfer of toxic substance for treatment or recycling. Intermediate step to describe what happens to the substance during the process. Data Level Quality (H = High, AA = Above Average, A = Average, U = Uncertain).

Refers to Nitric Acid.

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Project No. 13-7387

August 2013

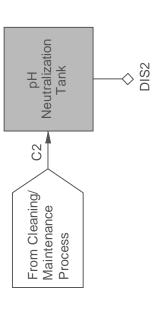
Scale: n/a

FIGURE 2 Cleaning/Maintenance

Toxics Reduction Act Accounting 2012 Reporting Year

Parmalat Canada - Parmalat Mitchell

Toxic Subtance associated with process.



	in.	· ·
Estimation Method	Engineering Calculation	Engineering Calculation
Data Quality	Above Average	Above Average
Quantity (tonne)	>10 to 100	>10 to 100
Accounting Category	C2	DIS2



- Enters the process (Use) of toxic substance.
- Creation of toxic substance.
- Transformation of toxic substance.
 - Destruction of toxic substance.
- Toxic substance Contained in Product.
- On-site release of toxic substance to Air.
- On-site release of toxic substance to Land.
- On-site release of toxic substance to Water.

 On-site or off-site disposal of toxic substance.

 Off-site transfer of toxic substance for treatmentor recycling.

 Intermediate step to describe what happens to the substance during the process.

 Data Level Quality (H = High, AA = Above Average, A = Average, U = Uncertain).

Refers to Nitrate Ion. "2

> DILLON Toxic Subtance associated with process.

Project No. 13-7387 August 2013

Scale: n/a

FIGURE 3 Wastewater Treatment

Toxics Reduction Act Accounting 2012 Reporting Year

Parmalat Canada - Parmalat Mitchell

2012 Toxics Reduction Act - Accounting

Release Estimates - Parmalat Mitchell

Mass Balance	Nitrate Ion

Enters the Process (Use) + Created = Transformed + Destroyed and Leaves Process

Leaves Process = Contained in product

Released to air Released to water Released to land Disposed of

Transferred off-site for treatment or recycling

Use =	0	tonne
Created =	>10 to 100	tonne
Transformed =	0	tonne
Destroyed =	0	tonne
Contained in product =	0	tonne
Released to air =	0	tonne
Released to water =	0	tonne
Released to land =	0	tonne
Disposed of =	>10 to 100	tonne
Transferred =	0	tonne
	•	
Mass Balance =	0	tonne

Rationale for Balance

- All nitric acid used was assumed to be fully neutralized, which resulted in the creation of nitrate ions.
- Nitric acid is used as part of the CIP process, which results in the discharge of cleaning water to the sewer.

2012 Toxics Reduction Act - Accounting

Release Estimates - Parmalat Mitchell

Mass Balance	Nitric Acid

Enters the Process (Use) + Created = Transformed + Destroyed and Leaves Process

Leaves Process = Contained in product

Released to air Released to water Released to land Disposed of

Transferred off-site for treatment or recycling

Use =	> 10 to 100	tonne
Created =	0	tonne
Transformed =	0	tonne
Destroyed =	> 10 to 100	tonne
Contained in product =	0	tonne
Released to air =	0	tonne
Released to water =	0	tonne
Released to land =	0	tonne
Disposed of =	0	tonne
Transferred =	0	tonne
		_
Mass Balance =	0	tonne

Rationale for Balance

- All nitrate acid used was assumed to be fully neutralized.
- Release estimates for acids are dependent on whether the acid is neutralized to a pH of 6.0 or greater.
- The average pH of wastewater discharged from the Parmalat Mitchell facility was greater than 6.0.
- Once an acid is neutralized, its concentration is zero percent, and therefore the estimates release is zero.